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#### SUMMARY

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- 11. Late item: Comment on attack on Yugoslav leader Djilas (page 9).

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### SOVIET UNION

| 1.    | USSR attempts to purchase large amounts of US agricultural products:   |  |  |  |  |
|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 25X1A | The USSR has approached a Swiss firm to arrange the barter of 600,000 tons of manganese ore at \$48 per ton for 20,000 tons of American butter,  The Soviet Union also desires to purchase 200,000 tons of American cottonseed oil for which payment would be made in gold.  The same Swiss firm was also approached by                        |  |  |  |  |
| ·     | Czechoslovakia, which was interested in the purchase of 50,000 tons of cottonseed oil with payment in dollars, part of the oil to go to Poland and Hungary.  |  |  |  |  |
|       | <u>Comment</u> : If such an exchange were arranged with the USSR, it would increase the level of Soviet-US trade to over \$100 million in each direction, as contrasted with American exports and imports of only \$16,000 and \$8,032,000, respectively, during the first eight months of 1953.   |  |  |  |  |
| •     | While the USSR has made several large purchases of butter from Western Europe during the latter half of 1953, these purchases total less than the above quantity. There are indications that the planned imports of consumer goods from the West are behind schedule, and the USSR is apparently making an effort to overcome this deficiency. |  |  |  |  |
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# 3. Comment on Chou En-lai's statement on Korean talks:

Chinese Communist premier Chou En-lai's statement of 9 January bids for a resumption of the Korean talks but provides no firm indication that the Communists would negotiate seriously for a Korean political conference at this time.

Chou does not renew the charge of American ''perfidy'' and he hints that a compromise might be reached if the talks were quickly resumed. Chou reaffirms the Communist position, however, and does not suggest that the main issues in the talks could be rapidly resolved.

Chinese Communist and North Korean representation at any UN General Assembly discussions of Korean issues, and with an endorsement of the Soviet proposal for a meeting of the 'five great powers' to consider 'pressing international questions." The Communist may thus have decided to mark time on Korean issues while awaiting developments in the UN and the Western response at the Berlin conference to the Soviet proposal for a five-power meeting.

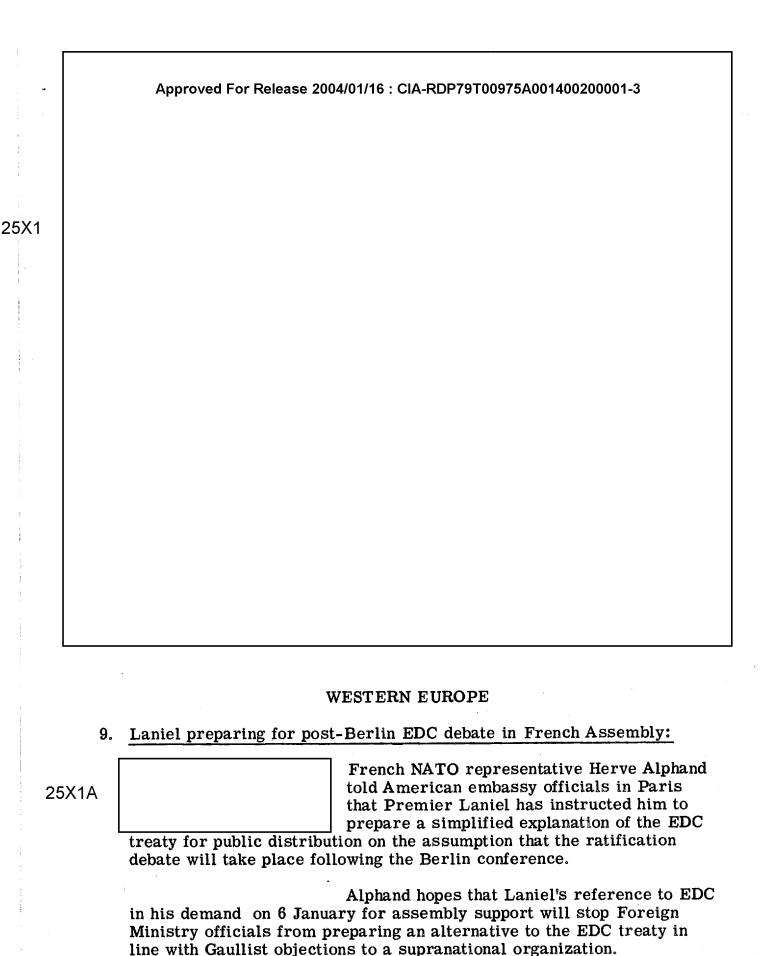
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#### SOUTHEAST ASIA

|       | SOUTHEAST ASIA   |  |  |  |  |
|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 4.    | Indonesian Communists make important gains through control of labor:   |  |  |  |  |
| 25X1A | The American embassy in Djakarta reports that SOBSI, the Communist-controlled Indonesian labor federation, holds 40 to 50 key positions in the Labor Ministry. The present government has bowed to the federation on every major issue and the latter is gaining strength at the expense of non-Communist unions.  |  |  |  |  |
|       | Comment: For over four years Indonesian Communists have exercised their greatest influence through labor, and their strength in this field would survive the downfall of the present leftist government. The federation stresses nationalism, anticapitalism and anti-imperialism in its propaganda. Since anti-Communism is not an effective issue, non-Communist unions often are forced into a "me-too" position. |  |  |  |  |
| 5     | SOUTH ASIA  Afghanistan approaches US for military aid:  |  |  |  |  |
| , 0.  | Aignamistan approaches US for military aid:  |  |  |  |  |
| 25X1A | Afghan foreign minister Naim on 7 January asked Ambassador Ward what the American attitude would be toward an Afghan request for US military aid similar to the assistance contemplated for Pakistan.  |  |  |  |  |
|       | Naim spoke at length of Afghanistan's awareness of the danger of Communist aggression in South Asia and the need that the United States strengthen Afghanistan, the Soviet 'avenue of approach" to Pakistan.   |  |  |  |  |
|       | Comment: Afghanistan had previously taken the public stand that American aid to Pakistan would threaten rather than strengthen Afghanistan's security.   |  |  |  |  |



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Comment: Despite the increasing intensity of attacks by opponents of the treaty, the French government has never hitherto undertaken a widespread exposition of the EDC or attempted to win public support for it.

Articles on possible alternatives to EDC are currently being featured in the French press, linked to allegations that Laniel has promised that France will retain complete freedom of action at Berlin.

| <b>10</b> . ] | Fanfani | seen | rivaling | Pella | for | Italian | premiership: |
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|---------------|---------|------|----------|-------|-----|---------|--------------|

| 25X1A | According to the American embassy in Rome,<br>there is a strong possibility that Interior<br>Minister Fanfani will be asked to head a new  |
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|       | Italian government. Fanfani has expressed his intention to try to form a coalition of all "moderate" parties, including the Monarchists, and claims he also has the support of Christian Democratic right-winger Piccioni and the Italian manufacturers' association, Confindustria. |

Monarchist sources, on the other hand, indicated that if Fanfani is chosen, he will probably be unable to produce a program acceptable to their party and that "inevitably" Pella will return to the premiership with his power greatly strengthened.

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#### LATE ITEM

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## 11. Comment on attack on Yugoslav leader Djilas:

The attack on Vice President Milovan Djilas, one of the long time top four party leaders, by the Executive Committee of the Yugoslav Union of Communists is probably purely an internal matter, with no evidence that Yugoslav orientation toward the USSR is involved. Both personal factors and a divergence in opinion concerning the form and timing of party policy may be involved in the dispute.

Although Djilas' recent articles in Borba have not openly clashed with the line laid down at the Sixth Party Congress, his attacks on party "bureaucratism" and his well-defined proposals for the abolition of "sterile" cell meetings and other "outmoded forms" have gone much farther than the line as expressed by other Yugoslav leaders. It is possible that some fears existed among the top levels of the party that Djilas, whose prominence has been continuously growing during recent years, may be attempting to obtain an even more powerful position through championing a more appealling "democratic" line.

Reference by the Executive Committee to Djilas' condemnation of the personal behavior of top communists recalls the scandal raised by Secretary General of the Government Ljubodrag Djuric, during the Sixth Party Congress of November 1952, when Djuric was expelled after raising the issue of moral laxity in the party. The charge made by the Executive Committee that Djilas' article on 'the Anatomy of Morals' has 'evoked confusion in the ranks of the Union of Communists' suggests the possibility that personal relationships have again become a vital issue within the inner Yugoslav party circle.

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